

FAMILIES FIRST CORONAVIRUS RESPONSE ACT

H.R. 6201

The House of Representatives first introduced the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (H.R. 6201) as a strong, robust bill that included paid family and medical leave for all workers and an emergency temporary standard OSHA protections for health care workers.

During negotiations, Senate Republicans and the White House put profits over people by giving into the demands of corporate lobbyists and industry trade groups to weaken these provisions.

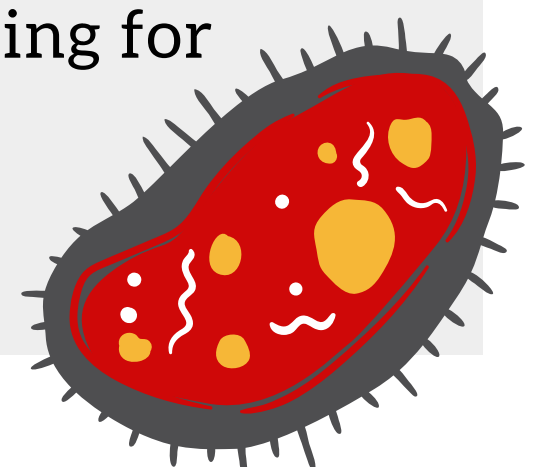
While not perfect, H.R. 6201 is critical in making sure working people facing serious health and financial risks receive the assistance we need.



WHAT'S IN THE BILL?

The \$100 billion coronavirus aid package signed into law by the President:

- Includes two weeks of paid leave for both public and private sector workers if the employer has more than 50 or fewer than 500 workers;
 - Employers are required to provide two weeks of paid sick leave and up to 12 weeks of paid family and medical leave for employees affected by the coronavirus who have worked at the company for at least a month.
 - Emergency leave for workers who are unable to work or telework but have children under 18 whose school or place of care is closed, or their child care provider is unavailable because of a public health emergency.
- Provides free coronavirus testing for those who need it.
- Ensures that states that see their unemployment rates rise by at least 10% are eligible for interest-free loans to extend unemployment payments for six months beyond the usual six-month time limit.
- Suspends the work requirements for SNAP benefits.
- Allocates \$250 million in funding for home-delivery meals to seniors, \$400 million for food banks, and \$500 million to help feed families.
- Allow schools that provide free to-go breakfasts and lunches to low-income students to distribute.
- Increases federal funding for Medicaid.



CWA